Product Name: APVMA Approval No: Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide 94649/143089



Label Name:	Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide
Signal Headings:	POISON
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Constituent	ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 200 g/L Diquat present as Diquat Dibromide Monohydrate
Statements:	

READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

Mode of Action:		
	GROUP 22	HERBICIDE

Statement of Claims:For pre- harvest crop desication and the control of a wide range of broadleaf weeds in certain crops as per Directions for Use. For application through aircraft and ground equipment.
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Net Contents: Net Contents: 5 L - 110 L
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Restraints:	RESTRAINTS DO NOT spray when weeds are under drought stress or when covered with dust or soil. DO NOT apply with misting machines or CDA applications.
	<ul> <li>SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS</li> <li>Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at www.apvma.gov.au/spraydrift</li> <li>DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.</li> <li>DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops,</li> <li>landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.</li> <li>DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.</li> <li>DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application.</li> </ul>

	exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise	
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Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.

D	OTHER LIMITATIONS DO NOT USE TREATED WATER FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION, LIVESTOCK WATERING OR IRRIGATION PURPOSES FOR 10 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
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Withholding Periods:	WITHOLDING PERIODS: GRAZING: DO NOT GRAZE OR USE CUT SPRAYED VEGETATION FOR STOCK FOOD FOR AT 1 DAY AFTER APPLICATION
	HARVEST: Cotton, dry beans, dry peas, mung beans, asparagus, hops, orchards and vineyards, row crops, vegetables and market gardens, oats, wheat and winter cereals: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED
	Lentils, chickpeas and faba beans: DO NOT HARVEST FOR TWO DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
	Pigeon peas, canola, sunflower, soybeans and sugarcane: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 4 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
	Rice: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 5 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
	Potatoes: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 7 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
	Sweet potatoes: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 14 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
	Poppies: DO NOT HARVEST FOR 16 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION.
	DO NOT USE TREATED WATER FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION, LIVESTOCK WATERING OR IRRIGATION PURPOSES FOR 10 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION
	WATERING OR IRRIGATION PURPOSES FOR 10 DAYS AFTER APPLICATION

Trade Advice:	

General Instructions:	This section contains file attachment.

Resistance Warning:	RESISTANCE WEEDS WARNING GROUP 22 HERBICIDE Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide is a member of the bipyridyl group of herbicides. The product has the inhibitor of photosynthesis at photosystem I mode of action. For weed resistance management, the product is a Group 22 Herbicide. Some naturally-occurring weed biotypes resistant to the product and other inhibitors of Group 22 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. The resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other inhibitors of Group 22 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Albaugh Asia Pacific Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of this product to control resistant weeds
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Precautions:	WARNING Markers: If possible fixed markers should be used. If necessary to use human markers, they should be fully informed and observe all the safety directions and precautions contained in this leaflet.
	Human Markers: Must avoid exposure to the spray mist, e.g By working upwind and where possible standing at least 50 metres beyond the edge of the target area. Protective clothing such as broad-rimmed hat, goggles, half-face respirator, waterproof jacket and pants, gloves and boots should be worn. A high efficiency type particulate respirator is recommended, but in any event a respirator which complies with the requirements of AS1716 (Standards Association of Australia) should be used. DO NOT touch or walk through the freshly treated crops.

Protections:	PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS DO NOT apply under weather conditions or from spraying equipment which may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.
	PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK Domestic pets and poultry - keep away from treated areas. Low hazard to bees. No special precautions are required.
	PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

Storage and Disposal:	STORAGE AND DISPOSAL Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area. Do not store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. Store in a locked room or a place away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers.
	Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.
	Refillable Containers Empty contents fully into application equipment. Close all valves and return to designated collection point for refill or storage.

Safety Directions:	SAFETY DIRECTIONS Very Dangerous. Poisonous if absorbed by skin contact, inhaled or swallowed. Will irritate the eyes, nose, throat and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing spray and using the prepared spray, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist, washable hat, elbow-length chemical resistant gloves, face shield or goggles, and half face respirator or disposable respirator. If clothing becomes contaminated with product or wet with spray, remove clothing immediately. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves and face shield or goggles, respirator, contaminated clothing and any rubber product with detergent and warm water.
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First Aid Instructions:	FIRST AID INSTRUCTIONS
	If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre (Phone Australia 13 11 26, New Zealand 0800 764 766). If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood
	with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

First Aid Warnings:	
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### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

USES: Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide is an aqueous solution of diquat, a non-volatile herbicide with unique properties. It very quickly kills green growth with which it comes into contact and is particularly effective against broadleaved weeds. It is inactivated in contact with the soil and crop roots and seeds below the soil remain unharmed. It can be safely applied around bushes and trees which have no green bark. It is non-volatile, easily mixed with water and active at low concentrations.

MIXING: Add the required quantity of Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide to water in the spray tank and agitate to give even mixing. Agitate again if left standing. Use clean water only, as suspended soil particles in dirty water will interfere with herbicidal action.

WETTING AGENT: Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide contains no wetting agent, and a non-ionic wetting agent must be added to the spray mixture unless otherwise specified. Add Agral at the rate of 200 mL/100L or Imtrade Penetrate Wetter at 160 mL/100L of prepared spray unless otherwise specified.

APPLICATION: For best results an even and complete coverage and good penetration of the spray into the target foliage is necessary. Best results will be obtained when application is made in dull weather or at the end of the day. Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide is rapidly absorbed and is not affected by rain falling shortly after application.

APPLICATION RATES: Use the higher rates specified in the directions for use for dense or weedy crops. For application to seedling weeds Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide is generally recommended at 1.4 L/ha and Paraquat 250 Herbicide at 1.2 L/ha. Use Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide at 2.8 to 4 L/ha and Paraquat 250 Herbicide at 1.6 to 3.2 L/ha when weeds are at the older stages of growth. Paraquat 250 g/l herbicide is preferred where grasses are dominant and Albaugh ALGEDI 200 SL Herbicide where there are mainly broadleaf weeds.

BOOM SPRAYING: A boom sprayer fitted with flat fan nozzles is preferred to ensure even coverage and to minimise drift. The boom should be set at sufficient height above the crop to provide a complete double overlap of the flat spray pattern. Spray drop arms on booms are useful for dense crops such as potatoes. A minimum spray volume of 100 L/ ha is recommended. Aim for a spray quality in the medium range. Generally, a flat fan nozzle operated at 200 to 300 kPa is preferred.

HIGH VOLUME SPOT SPRAYING: Hand-held equipment - use 250 mL of product per 100 L of water and spray to visible wetness (about 700-1000 L/ha). Use 50 mL of product plus 30 mL Agral per 15L knapsack.

AERIAL APPLICATION: Flying height, pressure, nozzle size and positioning on the aircraft should be such as to minimize spray drift. Apply 30 to 60 L of spray per hectare. Avoid spraying in high winds or under temperature inversion conditions. Wash any spillage during filling of the aircraft and make sure there are no leaks in the spraying system.

condition.

CAUTION-USE BY AIRCRAFT: Although this product is no different in drift behaviour from other chemicals, it has rapid spotting effect on green foliage and, as with all herbicides, special care must be taken to avoid drift into adjacent crops. Aircraft operators must not apply during periods of thermal (temperature) instability and should avoid wind conditions and flying heights conducive to drift.

#### WEED CONTROL IN ROW CROPS, VEGETABLES AND MARKET GARDENS:

Pre-planting and pre crop emergence: To control weeds in seed beds before sowing, or post-sowing pre-crop emergence, apply as a blanket spray with this product using boom spray equipment or knapsack sprayers.

Post-emergence inter-row weed control: Use shielded nozzles for rapid control of weeds in inter-row spaces of row crops, after seedlings have emerged, or when transplanted crops are established. Direct spray so that it does not touch the crop.

Pre-harvest crop desiccation: Green crop foliage and weeds can seriously interfere with harvesting operations of a number of crops. This product can be used to facilitate harvesting by desiccating weeds, accelerating the drying of crops and reducing the moisture content of seeds. Drying costs are reduced, harvesting delays and associated risks avoided.

#### WARNING

Markers - If possible fixed markers should be used. Human markers are not recommended unless flaggers are protected by engineering controls such as vehicles with cabs.

COMPATIBILITY: This product mixes readily with Paraquat 250 Herbicides, the soil residual herbicides Atrazine granules, Diuron 900 g/kg granules and Simazine granules where prolonged weed control is required as well as a quick knockdown.

# DIRECTIONS FOR USE

## Pre-harvest crop desiccation

Crop	State	Rate*	Critical Comments				
Cotton (short, stapled varieties only)	Qld, NSW, and WA only	2 to 3 L/ha^	Apply when 85% of the bolls are of are mature. Albaugh Algedi 200 SL green bolls.				
Dry Beans, Dry Peas, Lentils, Chickpeas, Faba Beans	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray as soon as the crop has reached full maturity. Helps overcome slow and uneven ripening and weed problems at harvest				
Linseed	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray when the majority of seed heads are mature-90 to 95% of seed heads have changed from yellow to brown and the seeds rattle inside the bolls. Desiccation reduces the period from maturity to harvest, particularly under wet or humid conditions.				
Lupins	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray as soon as the crop has read overcome slow and uneven ripenin at harvest				
Mung Beans	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Apply when 80 to 90% of pods are black or brown. Desiccation of weeds and foliage aids timely and efficient harvesting, reduces harvester wear and tear but can increase harvest losses. Harvest 2 to 5 days after spraying.				
Perennial Legume Sees Crops	All States	1.5 to 3 L/ha^	Lucerne: Spray when 60 to 70% of the pods are brown/bluish and the seeds are yellow/brown and easily released from the pods. <u>Red Clover:</u> Spray when majority of seed heads are brown, and the seed is purple. <u>White Clover</u> : Spray when majority of seeds are hard and yellow.	The use of Albaugh Algedi 200 SL Herbicide enables direct harvesting instead of cutting and windrowing and may result in higher seed quality. Harvest 3 to 4 days after spraying.			
Pigeon Peas	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray as soon as the crop has read	ched full maturity.			
Poppies	Tas only	3 to 4 L/ha^	Spray after the poppies have reached the stripy capsule stage. Helps overcome slow and uneven ripening and weed problems at harvest.				
Potato (Haulm desiccation)	All States	3 to 4 L/ha^	Apply as soon as the crop is ready to harvest. DO NOT apply during drought periods, particularly when the tops wilt during the day. In such conditions wait at least 3 days after the soil has been moistened by rain or irrigation. Leaf kill is rapid following spraying and usually complete within 4 days. Stem kill may take 10 to 14 days. Lift when desiccation is complete but where possible wait for 14 days after spraying to allow skin to harden off. Use high				
Ground stored- preharvest control		1.5 L/ha plus 1.2L Paraquat 250 g/L	water volumes to obtain coverage of dense haulm.				

Crop	State	Rate*	Critical Comments
Canola	All States	1.5 to 3 L/ha^	Spray when 70% of the pods are yellow and the seeds are
			browny/bluish and pliable. Canola ripens unevenly and is
			prone to pod shatter and seed loss. Direct harvest 4 to 7
			days after spraying.
Rice	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray when the grain is mature- not more than 2 to 3%
			of the grain is still at the milky stage and the grain
			moisture content must be less than 25%.
Soya Beans	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray when 80% of the pods are yellow/brown and the
			seeds ripe- yellow and pliable. Desiccation of weeds and
			foliage aids timely and efficient harvesting, minimizes
			cost and increase yields. Harvest 4 to 7 days after
<u> </u>			spraying.
Sorghum	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray as soon as the seed is mature and the moisture
			content about 25%. Albaugh Algedi 200 SL Herbicide will
			advance harvest and reduce seed losses due
0		2 to 3 L/ha^	todifferential ripening, seed shedding and birds.
Sugar Cane	Qld and NSW	2 to 3 L/na^	Spray all accessible faces a few days prior to burning to a
	only		depth of about 30 metres. The sprayed cane and weed growth quickly dries out and ensures a good burn and
			removal or trash prior to harvest.
		High volume	Spray to visible wetness.
		hand	Splay to visible wethess.
		spraying	
		200mL^/200L	
		water	
Sunflower	All States	2 to 3 L/ha^	Spray when the seed is mature, seed moisture 35% and
			below, kernel full and firm, the disc spongy when broken,
			florets loose and bracts browning off. Harvesting can
			commence as soon as vegetable parts of crop are
			desiccated, usually 7 to 14 days after spraying.
Sweet Potatoes	All States	3 to 4 L/ha^	Apply 2 weeks prior to harvest.

Сгор	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate	Critical Comments
Aquatic areas	Duck weeds, Red Azolla, Water Hyacinth, Salvinia	All States	tates 5 or 10 L/ha	Apply as an overall spray wetting foliage thoroughly. Clear water as necessary for best results as suspended soil particles interfere with herbicidal action. Use the higher rate for heavy infestations or for deep or dirty water. A repeat application 7 to 14 days later may be necessary for control of dense infestations. Oxygen depletion of decaying weeds may occur, therefore not more than ¼ of the area should be treated at once to ensure adequate oxygen supply for fish
	Marsilea, Water Lillies and Water Lettuce Cattail and Pond Weeds		400 ml plus 150 ml Agral per 100L water 5L/megaliter water	Small areas- spray to wet weeds thoroughly. About 1 ml of product should be sufficient to treat about 1m <sup>2</sup> Apply by injection below the surface or as a surface spray.

Сгор	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate	Critical Cor	nments
Asparagus	Broadleaf weeds	All States	1.4L/ha plus 800 ml Agral in 400L water	Apply to control seedling weeds before the spears have emerged	
Hops	Annual broadleaf and grass weeds	Vic and Tas only	700 ml to 1.4L/ha^ may be mixed with 1.2 to 1.6L/ha Paraquat 250 Herbicide and/or 1.1kg Simazine granules	Apply as a directed inter-row spray prior to crop emerging from winter dormancy, using a minimum of 250L/ha spray volume to ensure good and even coverage of weeds	
Infested areas	Cotton Thistle (Onopordum acanthium)	Tas only	300ml/ha plus 150 ml Agral in 100L water	entire centre should be ap the leaf surf	It the rosette stage before the e shoot is 15 cm tall. The spray oplied to give complete wetting of ace. DO NOT use a lower rate or er growth stage.
	Saffron Thistle	All States	2.8L/ha plus 1L Agral in200L water/ha 100 ml plus 70 ml Agral per 15L	Apply as an overall treatment to prevent seeding. Alternatively spot spray on the same basis	
Lucerne	Capeweed and Erodium spp.	All States	knapsack 350 ml/ha^ in 200L water 700 ml/ha^ in 200L water	Early Autumn application Late winter application	Heavy grazing is necessary to reduce Lucerne to 2 cm in height before spraying.
Oil seed poppies	Weed Control	Tas only	300 ml to 1.5L/ha	Use in accordance with recommendations made by the Department of Primary Industries of the poppy contracting company. DO NOT add Agral or any other wetting agent to the spray solution.	
Orchard and Vineyards	Capeweed	All States	1.5L/ha plus 1.4L Agral in 700L water per ha plus 1.6L/ha Paraquat 250 Herbicide	Apply as a directed spray under trees or vines. Under most conditions Paraquat 250 Herbicide at 1.6 to 3.2L/ha or Imtrade Spraykill 250 Herbicide at 2.4 to 3.2L/ha will give effective control of grasses and broadleaf weeds in orchards, but where heavy infestations of Capeweed occur, Albaugh Algedi 200 SL Herbicide should be added to Paraquat 250g/L Herbicide at the rate of 1.5L/ha. For inter-row or around butts, use high volume applications. Paraquat 250 g/L, Imtrade Spraykill 250 Herbicide and Albaugh Algedi 200 SL Herbicide have no effect on brown bark, but care should be taken when spraying around trees to avoid spray contacting green bark or plant material.	

Сгор	Weeds Controlled	State	Rate	Critical Comments			
Pasture Renovation and establishment	Capeweed and Erodium spp. (Storksbill)	All States	750 ml to 1.5L/ha plus Agral in a minimum of 100L water	'run-down' p Pasture sho when spraye during previo	y boom spray as an overall spray on wn' pasture after heavy grazing. should not be greater than 4 cm long prayed. Grazing should be carried out previous spring, summer and early where Capeweed is in the very		
	Barlet Grass, Brome Grass, Silver Grass and Sweet Vernal Grass		750 ml to 1.5L/ha^ plus 1 to 2L/ha Paraquat 250 Herbicide in a minimum of 100L water/ha	young seedling stage (2 or 3 true leaves only), rates may be reduced to 350ml/ha. Where Capeweed infestation is high, oversowing with new pasture seed by direct drilling is advisable. Direct drill 3 to 7 days after sprating using a pasture mixture suitable to district.			
Row crops, vegetables	Broadleaf weeds	All States	1.4 L/ha^	Seedling weeds	Herbicide Herbicide		
and market gardens Wheat and Oats	Capeweed	QLD, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA only	2.8 to 4 L/ha^ per 200 to 300L water 550 mL/ha in 200L water 700 mL/ha in 200L water	Spray when or 3(Oats) le Older seedli	Herbicide and Fundquat 250 Herbicide are more generally used for grass and broadleaf weed control in these situations. However, where broadleaf weeds dominate, particularly Capeweed, Albaugh Algedi 200 SL Herbicide should be tank mixed with Paraquat 250 Herbicide or instead of Paraquat 250 Herbicide where grass weeds are absent. Apply as a blanket spray prior to crop emergence. Once crops have emerged, or seedling has been transplanted, apply as a shielded spray between crop rows. DO NOT allow spray to contact any part of the crop. ngs. DO NOT add wetting agent. the crop is between the 4(Wheat) af and early tillering stage. ngs: DO NOT add wetting agent.		
Winter Cereals	Pre-harvest weed control	All States	1 to 3 L/ha^	Spray when the crop is between the 4(Wheat) or 3(Oats) leaf and early tillering stage. Spray as soon as the crop is fully mature and ready for harvesting. Under wet spring conditions crops can periodically become			
				infested with weeds, which seriously interfere with harvest operations. Albaugh Algedi 200 SL Herbicide will control these weeds allowing more efficient harvest.			
Wheat		NSW only	2 L/ha^ 3 L/ha^	Light to moc stands Moderate to	lerate	Ensure that spray penetrates deep down into the crop	
			ps ^ WETTING AGE	stands		canopy	

Note: Use higher rate for dense or weedy crops ^ WETTING AGENT: Add Agral at a rate of 200 ml/100L or Imtrade Penetrate Wetter at 160 ml/100L of prepared spray unless otherwise specified.

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION