Product Name: Durango 360 SL Herbicide

APVMA Approval No: 94697/143222

Net Contents:

CONTENTS

1 - 20 L



Label Name:	Durango 360 SL Herbicide			
Signal Headings:	CAUTION			
	KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN			
	READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING			
Constituent	ACTIVE CONSTITUENT			
Statements:	360 g/L GLYPHOSATE (present as the isopropylamine salt)			
Mode of Action:	GROUP 9 HERBICIDE			
Statement of Claims:	Water soluble herbicide for non-selective control of many annual and perennial weeds in certain situations.			

Restraints:	RESTRAINTS
	SPRAY DRIFT RESTRAINTS Specific definitions for terms used in this section of the label can be found at apvma.gov.au/spraydrift.
	DO NOT allow bystanders to come into contact with the spray cloud.
	DO NOT apply in a manner that may cause an unacceptable impact to native vegetation, agricultural crops, landscaped gardens and aquaculture production, or cause contamination of plant or livestock commodities, outside the application site from spray drift. Wherever possible, correctly use application equipment designed to reduce spray drift and apply when the wind direction is away from these sensitive areas.
	DO NOT apply unless the wind speed is between 3 and 20 kilometres per hour at the application site during the time of application.

DO NOT apply if there are hazardous surface temperature inversion conditions present at the application site during the time of application. Surface temperature inversion conditions exist most evenings one to two hours before sunset and persist until one to two hours after sunrise.

Directions for Use:	This section contains file attachment.
Other Limitations:	
Withholding Periods:	
Trade Advice:	
General Instructions:	This section contains file attachment.
Resistance Warning:	RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

GROUP 9 HERBICIDE

Durango 360 SL Herbicide is a member of the Glycines group of herbicides. Durango 360 SL Herbicide has the inhibition of EPSP synthase mode of action. For weed resistance management Durango 360 SL Herbicide is a Group 9 herbicide.

Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Durango 360 SL Herbicide and other Group 9 herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by Durango 360 SL Herbicide or other Group 9 herbicides. Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Albaugh Asia Pacific Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Durango 360 SL Herbicide to control resistant weeds.

Precautions:	
Protections:	PROTECTION OF CROP, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS
	Avoid contact with foliage, green stems, exposed non-woody roots or fruit of crops, desirable plants and trees, since severe injury or destruction may result.
	DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.
	PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH CRUSTACEA AND ENVIRONMENT

DO NOT contaminate dams, rivers or streams with the product or used container. When controlling weeds in aquatic situations, refer to label directions to minimise the entry of spray into the water.

Storage and Disposal:

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a dry, cool, well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Do not contaminate seed, feed or foodstuff. Do not re-use container for any purpose.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product.

Safety Directions:

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Will irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. When opening the container, preparing the product and using the prepared product, wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and elbow-length chemical resistant gloves. In addition, wear face shield or goggles when mixing and loading. When using controlled droplet applicator, wear protective waterproof clothing and impervious footwear. Wash hands after use. After each day's use, wash gloves, face shield or goggles and contaminated clothing.

First Aid Instructions:

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.

Phone Australia 13 11 26.

Eirc+	ΛiΑ	\Mar	ninas:
	\rightarrow IUI	vvai	1111105

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

GENERAL WEED CONTROL ALL STATES

SITUATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application Checklist before using
For general weed control in	For the control of many grasses and broadleaf weeds.
Domestic areas (Home gardens),	
Commercial, Industrial and Public	RATE: 10 mL per litre of water.
Service areas, Agricultural buildings	
and other farm situations.	Apply when weeds are actively growing.
For specific weeds, brush and	Apply to ensure complete and uniform wetting of foliage.
woody weeds or unwanted trees,	
refer to the appropriate Weeds	Visible symptoms may take from 3 to 7 days to develop.
Controlled table	

USE SITUATIONS	ALL STATES (except where noted)		
	For rates of application and weeds controlled, see Weeds Controlled tables		
SITUATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application Checklist before using		
NON-AGRICULTURAL AREAS	Durango 360 SL Herbicide does not provide residual weed control. For residu control of annual weeds, Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be tank mixed with certain residual herbicides. See Tank Mixtures/Compatibility.		
Around buildings, Commercial and Industrial areas, Domestic and Public Service areas, Right-of-ways.			
AGRICULTURAL AREAS	Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used for control of annual and perennial weeds as directed, in agricultural land prior to sowing of any edible or non-edible crop, but not prior to transplanting tomato seedlings.		
AQUATIC AREAS For the control of emerged weeds in all bodies of fresh and	Reduction in effectiveness may result if more than 1/4 of the above ground portion of the weed is submerged at treatment. Submerging the treated plants following treatment may result in the spray being washed from the plant surface, thus reducing effectiveness.		
brackish water which may be flowing, non-flowing or transient. Also for weeds	Do not use additional surfactant/wetting agent unless it is approved for use in aquatic situations.		
on margins of streams, lakes and dams and in channels and drains.	Do not apply this product within 0.5 km up-stream of potable water intake in flowing water (i.e. river or stream, etc.) or within 0.5 km of a potable water intake in a standing body of water such as a lake, pond or reservoir. Applications to moving bodies of water should be made while travelling upstream wherever possible to prevent concentration of this herbicide in water. When making any bankside applications, do not overspray more than 0.5 m into open water. Avoid spraying across moving bodies of water, or where weeds do not exist.		
	When spraying floating weeds, use a low volume, low pressure boom sprayer, CDA, or sprinkler sprayer. Do not submerge the weeds when spraying as this may wash the herbicide off the leaves. When emerged infestations require treatment of the total surface area of impounded water, treating the area in strips may avoid sudden impact on habitat.		

USE SITUATIONS	ALL STATES (except where noted) For rates of application and weeds controlled, see Weeds Controlled tables
SITUATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application Checklist before using
FORESTS	Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used prior to establishment of nurseries, for site preparation prior to planting and amongst established trees using a directed or shielded spray or using selective wiper equipment. Do NOT allow wiper surface to contact any part of the tree. Do NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact foliage or green bark of desirable trees, since severe injury may result.
PEANUTS, COTTON, SOYBEANS, SUGARCANE, NAVY BEANS and CHICKPEAS Application using selective equipment QLD, NSW only	Wiper Equipment Apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide to weeds growing between crop rows or to weeds growing at least 15 cm above the crop. Do NOT allow wiper to contact crop and ensure operating conditions do not allow solution to drip from applicator since severe injury may result. Refer to Wiper Equipment in the Application section of the label. Shielded Sprayers (Cotton only) Apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide to weeds growing between crop rows using a shielded sprayer. Refer to the Weeds Controlled tables for rates of application. Do NOT apply in crops less than 20 cm high. Do NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the cotton plant as severe injury or destruction may result.
TREE AND VINE CROPS Avocado, Banana, Blueberries, Citrus fruit, Custard apples, Duboisia, Figs - dessert, Guava, Kiwifruit, Litchi, Mango, Monstera - fruit, Nuts (including Almond, Pecan, Macadamia, Pistachio and Walnut), Olives, Pawpaw, Persimmons, Pome fruit, Raspberries, Stone fruit, Tea, Vineyards.	Apply as a directed or shielded spray or using wiper equipment. Do NOT apply as a spray near trees or vines less than 3 years old unless they are effectively shielded from spray and spray drift. Do NOT allow wiper surface to contact any part of the tree, vine or palm. Avoid painting out stumps with this product as injury resulting from root grafting may occur in adjacent trees. Citrus fruit, Nuts, Olives, Pome fruit & Vineyards Do NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact green bark or stems, canes, laterals, suckers, fresh wounds, foliage or fruit. Tea Apply a maximum of 4L /ha by shielded boom or directed off-centre nozzle or 0.5 L/100 L by directed handgun or knapsack to avoid application to the crop. All other crops Do NOT allow spray or spray drift to contact any part of the plant including the trunk. CAUTION Where split bark on Kiwifruit and green stems on Pawpaw occur, extreme care is required. For residual control of annual weeds, Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be tank mixed with compatible herbicides which are labelled for use in the above crops. See Tank Mixtures/Compatibility for directions.
SUGARCANE RATOON SPRAYOUT For control of sugar cane, ratoon regrowth NSW and QLD only	Apply under good growing conditions only to actively growing ratoons 60 - 120 cm tall. Do NOT apply if plants are under stress from low moisture or waterlogging. RATE 4 - 9 L/ha Use the lower rate for suppression or where cultivation is to follow. Use the higher rate for control.

PASTURE	DIRECTED (SPOT) APPLICATION Durango 360 SL Herbicide is non-selective and may damage or kill any plant in the sprayed area. Re-treatment and/or pasture improvement may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment. SELECTIVE APPLICATION See Wiper Equipment.
	BOOM APPLICATION Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used to suppress or kill existing pasture species prior to re-seeding or establishment of other crops. Where spot application (spray or wiper) is undertaken, grazing stock need not be removed.
	CAUTION Certain plants may be naturally toxic to stock. Where known toxic plants are present do not allow stock to graze until complete browning of treated plants has occurred.

USE SITUATIONS	ALL STATES (except where noted)		
032 311 0 211 0 113	For rates of application and weeds controlled, see Weeds Controlled tables		
SITUATION	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application Checklist before using		
ONIONS Post-plant, pre- emergence application TAS only	For control of annual weeds and suppression of perennial weeds, including Rope Twitch. Apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide at 1 - 3 L/ha post-sowing and at least 7 days before crop is due to emerge. Do NOT apply to emerging onion plants as severe injury will result. Use the lower rate on small, actively growing annual weeds. Increase to the higher rate for larger annual weeds (over 15 cm tall) and for suppression of perennial weeds.		
COTTON PRE-HARVEST For control of Bathurst Burr, Nogoora burr, Winter annual weeds including Sowthistle, Milk thistle and seasonal suppression of Nutgrass NSW and QLD only	DO NOT APPLY TO CROPS INTENDED FOR SEED PRODUCTION. Apply alone or in tank mixtures with Dropp or Harvade. Apply when at least 60% of bolls are open and immature bolls cannot be easily cut with a sharp knife. Where a leafy crop canopy limits spray coverage, reduced weed control can be expected. For best results under these conditions, delay application until canopy re-opens following initial conditioning treatment. Where control of Nutgrass or Noogoora burr is required, treatments should be applied prior to the onset of frosts. When tank mixed with defoliants, a slightly higher proportion of cotton leaf may be retained, particularly where the higher rate is used. Read and follow all label directions for the tank mix products. RATE: Apply 2.5 L/ha for Nutgrass control and 1.25 - 2.5 L/ha for the other weeds. Use the lower rate on light infestations of small weeds, when the crop canopy allows adequate spray coverage of the weeds. Increase to the higher rate when the crop canopy may limit spray coverage, when treating dense infestations, or when treating larger weeds.		

STATE REGISTRATION CODE

a - Queensland c - Victoria e - South Australia g - Northern Territory

b – New South Wales d – Tasmania f – Western Australia

ANNUAL WEEDS	NON- Cultivated situations		
SITUATION (All STATES)	RATE CRITICAL COMMENTS		
,		Read Application Checklist before using	
Amaranth,	BOOM:	Annual weeds may be sprayed anytime they are actively	
Barley grass,	2 - 3 L per ha	growing.	
Barnyard grass,			
Brome grass,	HANDGUN:	Use the lower rate on weeds up to 15 cm tall; increase to the	
Caltrop,	500 - 700 mL	higher rate where weeds are over 15 cm tall.	
Canary grass	per 100 L		
(Annual phalaris),		Visible symptoms develop in 3 - 7 days but complete	
Capeweed,	KNAPSACK:	desiccation may take 20 - 30 days under cool conditions.	
Cereals,	75 - 100 mL		
Chickweed,	per 15 L	Durango 360 SL Herbicide does not provide residual weed	
Cobbler's pegs,		control. Repeat treatments may be necessary to control later	
Deadnettle,	WIPER	germinating weeds.	
Doublegee,	EQUIPMENT		
Fumitory,	and	For residual control of annual weeds, Durango 360 SL Herbicide	
Ground cherry,	CONTROLLED	may be tank mixed with certain residual herbicides. See Tank	
Hedge mustard,	DROPLET	Mixtures/Compatibility for directions.	
Lesser Swinecress,	APPLICATORS:		
Liverseed grass,	See	For aquatic weeds refer to critical comments for aquatic areas	
Mintweed,	APPLICATION	to minimise the entry of spray into water.	
Noogoora burr a,b,	section		
Paradoxa grass,			
Paterson's Curse,			
Pigweed,			
Potato weed,			
Ryegrass,			
Saffron thistle,			
Silver grass,			
Sow thistle,			
Spear thistle,			
Spiny burrgrass,			
Spurge,			
Sub. Clover,			
Thornapple,			
Wild mustard,			
Wild oats,			
Wild turnip,			
Winter grass.			
Variegated thistle			
Volunteer cereals			

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Boom L/ha	Handgun/ Knapsack vol/1 Litre	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application checklist before using
Alligator weed	-	10 mL	Apply when actively growing, from Summer through Winter. Floating form only. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Bamboo	-	10 mL	Apply to actively growing foliage and/or regrowth which is between 1 m and 2 m tall. Cut Stump: Dilute 1:6 i.e. mix 1 part Durango 360 SL Herbicide plus 6 parts water. Cut stems back to 20 cm high, pour mixture down hollow stem or wet the cut.
Bent grass ^{c,d}	2.5 L	5 mL	Apply to actively growing plants in late spring when they have some seedhead development, but before Summer moisture stress. Follow-up management is required. Full disturbance with a tyned implement should follow 10 - 21 days after spraying. Then follow with a Summer crop and/or re-seeded pasture or crop in the following Autumn.
Black Knapweed		10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants from September to May. A follow up treatment may be necessary for complete control and to restrict seedling re-establishment. Spray to ensure full coverage of all plants.
Blady grass a,b	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Bracken	9 L	15 mL	For boom application, always add PULSE, (200 mL per 100 L spray) otherwise reduced results will occur. Addition of PULSE (200 mL/100 L spray) may improve control with handgun application. Wiper application is recommended, see Wiper Equipment. Double pass application is required for pipewick equipment. Bracken should be slashed in Winter/Spring prior to treatment. Apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide in March/May to fully unfurled actively growing fronds but prior to frosts. Visible symptoms may not be fully apparent until the next season. Complete control will not be achieved from one application. Repeat
Proug Pootlo grass b	3 L	F ml	improvement.
Brown Beetle grass ^b		5 mL	Apply to actively growing plants. Do not apply to partially submerged plants. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Carpet grass	3 L	5 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Cocksfoot	3 L	7 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Couch	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early head stage. In SA and WA apply to active plants during Oct/Nov for best results.
Cumbungi	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head to full head stage (Summer/Autumn). Re-treatment may be required to restrict seedling re-establishment. Wiper application is recommended (not in Tasmania). See Wiper Equipment .
Flatweed (Cat's Ear)	3 L	7 mL	Apply to fully developed rosettes at the early flower stage.
Glyceria ^d	6 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the mature head stage in late Summer/Autumn. Add a non-ionic surfactant (50 - 60% ai) at 200 - 250 mL/100 L.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Boom L/ha	Handgun/ Knapsack vol/1 Litre	Read Application checklist before using		
Guinea grass	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage. For wiper application, see Wiper Equipment .		
Hoary Cress ^{b,c,d}	1.5 L	5 mL	For maximum long-term reduction apply from late July to September when plants are in late rosette to flowering stage. Plants should be actively growing and not under stress of drought, frost or waterlogging. Application may be integrated with long fallow. Cultivation may start 7 days after spraying. Wiper application may be used where sufficient stem elongation occurs, see Wiper Equipment. In Tasmania addition of a non-ionic surfactant (50 - 60%ai) at 200 - 250 mL/100 L spray, is recommended.		
Johnson grass Kangaroo grass Kikuyu grass	6 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage. For wiper application on Johnson grass, off-type and volunteer sorghum, see Wiper Equipment .		
Lovegrass, African ^{b,c,f}	6 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants. Re-treatment and/or pasture improvement is recommended to restrict seedling re-establishment.		
Ludwigia peruviana		10 mL	Apply when actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth, but before Autumn colour changes occur. Thorough coverage is necessary for best control.		
Nutgrass Cyperus rotundus Does not refer to other	6 L	10 mL	Non cultivated Situations: Apply to actively growing plants in late Summer/Autumn (Feb/Apr) when at least 20% have reached the head stage.		
Cyperus Species which may be locally known as nutgrass	3 L + 3 L	7 mL + 7 mL	Arable Land: Make first application to actively growing plants when at least 20% have reached the head stage (normally about Feb.). After allowing maximum re-emergence to occur (normally in 6 - 8 weeks) it is essential to make a second application. NOTE In arable land nutgrass may rapidly regenerate from isolated nuts. Follow-up treatments should be made as part of a nutgrass control program.		
Pampas grass	-	10 mL or 13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants during Spring, Summer or Autumn. Ensure complete coverage of the foliage. For best results apply after flowering. For easier access, large plants may be cut or burnt prior to spraying, but first allow regrowth to reach 1 m. Use the higher rate on plants over 1 m high. Low Volume Application Use 1:9 (10%) mixture of Durango 360 SL Herbicide: Water. Apply 2 x 2 mL per 0.5 m height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage.		
Paragrass	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.		

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Boom	Handgun/	CRITICAL COMMENTS
	L/ha	Knapsack	Read Application checklist before using
		vol/1 Litre	The state of the s
Parramatta grass ^{a,b} Giant Rat's tail ^{a,b}	6L	10-15 mL	Apply to actively growing plants in the vegetative stage to early seed head stage. Apply the higher rate for spot treatment in Qld. Follow up treatments will be required for control of plants germinating following treatment.
	3 L + 3 L	10 mL + 10 mL	Arable land: (established perennial plants) Apply initial treatment to actively growing plants at the mid vegetative to early seed head stage with a minimum of 20 cm of new leaf growth. Seedling plants treated during the season of emergence may be treated at any time. Follow up treatment should be applied on reappearance of at least 20 cm new growth from initially treated plants.
Paspalum	6 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Pellitory ^b	-	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants prior to seeding. Repeat applications may be necessary to control seedlings and/or regrowth.
Phalaris ^{b,c,e}	3-6 L	5-10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants during Winter-Spring. Use the lower rate where only knockdown is required e.g., prior to burning of firebreaks. Burning can usually start 14 - 21 days after spraying. For long term control increase to the higher rate.
Phragmites,	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing, fully developed plants approaching
Common Reed			the early head stage. Visible symptoms of control may be slow to develop and may not be fully apparent until the next season. For wiper application, see Wiper Equipment . Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Plantains	3 L	7 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage. Symptoms may be slow to develop.
Prairie grass Qld Blue grass Red-leg grass Rhodes grass	6 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.
Rope Twitch ^{c,d}	6 L	10 mL	Apply in late Summer-Autumn to actively growing plants with foliage at least 20 cm high. To ensure maximum shoot emergence the area should NOT be cultivated in the period from the preceding Winter until the time of spraying.
Rushes	-	-	Apply by wiper equipment to actively growing plants. Where there is a large proportion of dead foliage, pre-slashing is recommended. Allow adequate regrowth before treatment. See Wiper Equipment. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Sedge, Tall ^{b,c,d}	2 or 4 L	5-10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants in flowering to post-flowering period (Oct/April). Use the lower rate only if the stand has been slashed prior to treatment. Re-treatment may be necessary. Visible symptoms may not be fully apparent for up to 3 months. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended.

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Boom	Handgun/			
	L/ha	Knapsack vol/1 Litre	Read Application checklist before using		
Serrated Tussock b,c,d	4-6 L	7-13 mL	Apply to actively growing and stress-free plants. Best results May-October.		
control/suppression			Application: Boom spray volume of 70 L/ha or more is		
prior to establishing			recommended to improve plant coverage. Also see Aerial		
crops or improved			Equipment. Surfactants: Addition of 200 mL of Wetter TX to		
pasture species			100 L of spraying solution may improve control of serrated		
			tussock.		
			Site Preparation: <i>Burning</i> of serrated tussock 10 - 12 months before spraying or <i>slashing / heavy grazing</i> (cell grazing) 2		
			weeks before spraying is essential for good results (Note:		
			serrated tussock is almost indigestible and prolonged exposure		
			can lead to starvation and death of stock.).		
			Rates: Use lower rate on serrated tussock regrowth after		
			burning (no residual dead foliage). Use higher rate on serrated		
			tussock that has been slashed or grazed (may contain some		
			residual dead foliage).		
Serrated Tussock b,c,d	0.75 -		Apply to actively growing and stress-free plants. Best results		
For prevention of seed	1.25 L		mid September - mid October. Apply prior to any seed head		
head emergence and			emergence. Also see Aerial Equipment.		
seed formation			Surfactants: Addition of 200 mL of Wetter TX to 100 L of spraying solution may improve results.		
			Rates: The lower rates will be less damaging to desirable		
			pasture species. If seed head emergence is imminent then		
			higher rates will give better results.		
Silverleaf Nightshade b	-	20 mL	Use ONLY under good soil moisture conditions. Apply to		
			actively growing plants at the late flowering to berry stage.		
			Repeat spraying will be necessary to restrict regrowth and		
			seedling re-establishment.		
Sorrel	6 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants when most have reached the early bud stage.		
Soursob b,c,d,e,f	1.5 L	5 mL	For maximum long-term reduction apply from late July to		
			early September but before natural plant yellowing		
			(senescence) occurs. Soursob should be actively growing and		
			not under stress of drought or waterlogging. If heavy frosting		
			has occurred, allow recovery before spraying. If heavy grazing has occurred, allow recovery of foliage to at least 5 cm before		
			spraying.		
St John's Wort	3 L	5 mL	Apply to actively growing plants in the flowering to post-		
			flowering, procumbent stem stage (generally November/May).		
			Re-treatment, or oversowing with improved pasture species		
			may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment.		
Thistle, Artichoke c,e	3 L	5 mL	Apply at the rosette-early head stage.		
Thistle, Californian c,d	3 L	10 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the flowering stage. To		
			ensure maximum shoot emergence the area should NOT be		
			cultivated prior to spraying. Re-treatment and/or pasture		
			improvement may be necessary to restrict seedling reestablishment.		
			Cotabilotificit.		
	1	I			

WEEDS CONTROLLED	Boom	Handgun/	CRITICAL COMMENTS
	L/ha	Knapsack vol/1 Litre	Read Application checklist before using
Water Couch	9 L	13 mL	Apply to actively growing plants in late Summer-Autumn Feb/Mar). Do not treat after March because of the onset of Winter dormancy. Full results may not be visible until the following spring. Not more than ¼ of the weed should be submerged at the time of treatment. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Water Hyacinth	6 to 9 L	10-13 mL	Apply when actively growing and at or beyond the early bloom stage of growth. Use the higher rate on dense infestations. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Water Lettuce	-	10-13 mL	Best results are obtained from mid-Summer through to Winter. Use the higher rate on dense infestations. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Waterlily, Yellow	6 L	10 mL	Apply when there is a maximum emergence of floating leaves. Allow 2 - 3 weeks for symptoms to develop, then retreat any unaffected plants. Use low volume sprayer. Refer to aquatic areas critical comments to minimise the entry of spray into water.
Yorkshire Fog	3 L	7 mL	Apply to actively growing plants at the early head stage.

UNWANTED TREES

Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used for control of many tree species. Ensure trees are actively growing at time of treatment and not under stress of drought, waterlogging or cold.

Restrictions may apply to tree removal. Consult with appropriate local or state authorities before use.

method unwanted tree size Mixture CRITICAL COMMEN							
IVIETHOD	TREES	INCE SIZE	product:	CKITICAL COMMILITY			
	IKLLS		water				
Cut Stump	Jarrah,	0 - 10 cm	1:15	Dilute Durango 360 SL			
Cat Stamp	Longleaf Box,	basal dia.	1.13	Herbicide with water in the			
	Marri,	basar ara.		recommended ratio. Cut tree			
	Messmate,			close to ground and			
	Stringybark,			immediately wet stump surface			
	Narrowleaf,			thoroughly using splatter gun,			
	Peppermint			spray, swab or brush. Remove			
	Privet	0 - 30 cm	1:1	any branches on the stump and			
	Rhus	basal dia.		treat cut surface.			
	Willows	< 10 cm	undiluted				
		basal dia.					
Foliar Application:	Bullich	0 - 1.5 m	1:15	Dilute Durango 360 SL			
Low Volume	Marri	height	Add PULSE at 200	Herbicide in the recommended			
(Gas gun or	Jarrah		mL/ 100 L spray	ratio. Calibrate splatter gun to			
Splatter gun)			mixture	apply 5mL of Durango 360 SL			
	Eucalyptus spp.	0 - 1.5 m	1:5	Herbicide solution per dose, as			
		height	Add PULSE at 200	a fine spray. Apply 5 mL per 0.5			
			mL/ 100 L spray	m tree height. Ensure spray			
			mixture	contacts all foliage.			
Foliar Application:	Eucalyptus spp.,	0 - 2.0 m	1.0 - 1.3 L per 100 L	Spray to wet all foliage. Use the			
High Volume	Willows	height	For Eucalyptus Add	higher rate for trees 1.0 to 2.0			
(Knapsack or			PULSE at 200 mL/	m high.			
Handgun)			100 L spray mixture				
Stem Injection	Flooded Gum,	Basal dia.	Undiluted	Use an applicator calibrated to			
	Ghost Gum,	0 - 25 cm	1 mL/cut	deliver 1 or 2 mL per cut. Make			
	Gum Topped,			5 cm cuts at an oblique angle to			
	Bloodwood,			penetrate the sapwood			
	· ·			-			
	•			<u> </u>			
	*	Racal dia	Undiluted 2 ml /cut				
				treat an branches below cuts.			
	•	23 30 011		On multiple trunk trees ensure			
				•			
	· ·						
	<u> </u>						
	Spotted Gum,						
	Swamp Mahogany,						
	White Mahogany,						
	Willows, Privet,						
	Rhus						
	Swamp Mahogany, White Mahogany, Willows, Privet,	Basal dia. 25 - 60 cm	Undiluted 2 mL/cut	beneath the bark. Space cuts at 13 cm centres around tree circumference below any branching, otherwise remove or treat all branches below cuts. On multiple trunk trees ensure each trunk is treated.			

UNWANTED TREES Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used for control of many tree species. Ensure trees are actively growing at time of treatment and not under stress of drought,

waterlogging or cold.

Restrictions may apply to tree removal. Consult with appropriate local or state authorities before use.

METHOD	UNWANTED	TREE	Mixture	CRITICAL COMMENTS
	TREES	SIZE	product:	
			water	
Stem Injection	Camphor	Basal	Mixture 1:1	
	laurel	dia. 0 -	2 mL/cut	
		25 cm		
		Basal	Undiluted	
		dia. over	2 mL/cut	
		25 cm to		
		60 cm		

BRUSH AND W	OODY WEED	S	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	Handgun/ Knapsack vol/1 Litre	Low Volume Product: Water	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application checklist before using
Bitou Bush/ Boneseed ^{a,b,c,d}	5 or 10 mL	1: 29 or 1:19	Apply to actively growing plants. Spray to wet all foliage. Best results are achieved when treated at peak flowering during Winter. Do not apply during periods of drought stress. Use the higher rate on bushes over 1.5m. Further treatment may be necessary to restrict seedling re-establishment. Low Volume Application (e.g. Gas gun and Splatter gun). Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Use the higher rate (1:19) on bushes over 1.5 m high.
Boxthorn, African	7 - 10 mL	-	Use the lower rate for young bushes; increase to the higher rate for large, mature bushes. Spray to wet all foliage. Do not spray during hot, dry Summer periods. Burning (after complete brownout), pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended.
Blackberry	10 - 13 mL	-	Apply from flowering to leaf fall (generally Jan-May). Plants should not be under stress of high temperature, drought or frost. Spray to wet all foliage. Use the higher rate on old, dense infestations over 2 m high. Visible symptoms may not be fully apparent until the next season. Burning (after complete brownout) pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended. In Tasmania, do not treat bushes bearing mature fruit.

BRUSH AND W	OODY WEED	S	
WEEDS CONTROLLED	Handgun/ Knapsack vol/1 Litre	Low Volume Product: Water	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application checklist before using
Crofton Weed	5 mL	-	Apply to actively growing plants with full foliage. Spray to wet all foliage. Further treatment and/or pasture improvement are recommended to restrict seedling re-establishment.
English Broom	10 - 13 mL	-	Spray to wet foliage. When using the low rate add Pulse (2 mL/L spray solution) to improve coverage. At full leaf only the high rate can be used without Pulse.
Gorse (Furze)	10 mL plus PULSE 2 mL	-	Apply all year round, but only to actively growing plants. Always add PULSE, otherwise reduced results will occur. Spray to wet all foliage. Burning (after complete brownout), pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth.
Groundsel Bush ^{a,b}	7 - 10 mL	1:9	Apply to actively growing plants. Do not apply during Winter, nor during periods of Summer drought stress. Use the higher rate on bushes over 2 m tall. Spray to wet all foliage. Further treatment and/or pasture improvement are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth.
			Low Volume Application (e.g. Splatter Gun and Gas Gun): Use 1:9 (10%) mixture of Durango 360 SL Herbicide: water. Apply 2 x 2 mL dose per 0.5 m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Use of CDA equipment is not recommended.
Hawthorn ^{b,c,d,e}	10 - 13 mL	1:9	Apply to actively growing plants from flowering to leaf fall. Spray to wet all foliage. Use the higher rate on bushes over 2 m tall. Burning (after complete brownout), pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth low Volume Application (e.g. Splatter Gun and Gas Gun): Use 1:9 (10%) mixture of Durango 360 SL Herbicide:water. Apply 2 x 5 mL dose per 0.5 m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage.
Lantana ^{a,b,g}	10 mL	1:9	Apply to actively growing plants with full foliage. Ensure complete treatment of individual plants. Do not spray during periods of Summer drought stress. Burning (after complete brownout), pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. Addition of PULSE (200 mL/100 L) may improve control. Low Volume Application (e.g. Splatter Gun and Gas Gun): Apply 2 x 2 mL dose per 0.5 m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage. Sprinkler Sprayer Apply 6 mL of a 1:9 (10%) solution to every square metre of treated area. Use of CDA equipment is not
Mistflower ^{a,b}	5 mL	1:9	recommended. Apply to actively growing plants with full foliage. Spray to wet all foliage. Further treatment and/or pasture improvement are recommended to restrict seedling re-establishment. Sprinkler Sprayer Apply 3 mL of a 1:9 (10%) solution to every square metre of treated area.

BRUSH AND W	BRUSH AND WOODY WEEDS					
WEEDS CONTROLLED	Handgun/ Knapsack vol/1 Litre	Low Volume Product: Water	CRITICAL COMMENTS Read Application checklist before using			
Sifton Bush <i>I</i> Chinese Scrub ^{a,b}	10 or 13 mL	1:9	Apply when actively growing. Ensure complete coverage of the bush. Pasture improvement and/or re-treatment is recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. High Volume Use the higher rate on bushes over 1 m. Low Volume Apply 40 mL per 0.5 m height. Wiper Application Double pass application is required. Application is best made to small (less than 1 m) green bushes.			
Sweet Briar ^{b,c,d,e,f}	15 - 20 mL	1:9	Apply to actively growing plants from late flowering to leaf fall. Spray to wet all foliage. Use the higher rate on bushes over 1.5 m high. Burning (after complete brownout), pasture improvement and/or further treatment are recommended to control seedlings and/or regrowth. Low Volume Application (e.g. Splatter Gun and Gas Gun): Apply 2 x 5 mL dose per 0.5m bush height. Ensure spray contacts all foliage.			

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

PRODUCT INFORMATION

Durango 360 SL Herbicide is a non-volatile, water soluble liquid product with non-selective herbicidal activity against many annual and perennial broadleaf weeds and grasses. Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used for weed control in agricultural land prior to sowing any edible or non-edible crop, but not prior to transplanting tomato seedlings.

Durango 360 SL Herbicide is absorbed by plant foliage and green stems. It is inactivated immediately in the soil and does not provide residual weed control. Durango 360 SL Herbicide moves through the plant from the point of contact to and into the root system. Visible effects on annual weeds take 3 - 7 days but on perennial weeds may not be obvious for 2 - 3 weeks or longer in some cases. Visible effects of control may be delayed by cool or cloudy weather at and following treatment.

When applying this product prior to transplanting crops into plastic mulch, care must be taken to remove residues of this product from the plastic prior to transplanting. Residues can be removed by 20 mm natural rainfall or by applying water via a sprinkler irrigation system.

MIXING

Durango 360 SL Herbicide mixes readily with water. Note: Reduced results may occur if water containing soil is used, e.g. water from ponds and unlined ditches, or if hard water containing calcium salts is used.

Do not mix, store or apply this product or spray solutions of this product in galvanised steel or unlined steel containers or spray tanks, since a highly flammable gas mixture may be formed. Use stainless steel, brass, copper, fibreglass, plastic or plastic-lined containers or spray tanks. Aluminium is susceptible to corrosion by Durango 360 SL Herbicide and should not be used. Ensure the spray tank is free of any residue or previous spray materials.

Use spray solutions promptly and certainly within 5 days, since a gradual loss of activity will occur. Fill the spray tank with one half the required amount of clean water and add the proper amount of Durango 360 SL Herbicide. Mix well before adding the remaining portion of water. Placing the filling hose below the surface of the spray solution will prevent excessive foaming. Removing hose from tank immediately after filling will prevent back siphoning into water source. Do not use mechanical agitators as these may cause excessive foaming. Spray tanks, pumps, lines and nozzles should be thoroughly rinsed with clean water following application to prevent corrosion.

TANK MIXTURES/COMPATIBILITY

Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be tank-mixed with some other herbicides, insecticides and additives. Read and follow all label directions, restraints, plant-back periods, withholding periods, regional use restrictions and safety directions for the tank mix products.

Mixing Instructions for All Tank Mixtures

1. Fill the spray tank 1/3 to 1/2 full with clean water and start agitation.

- 2. Where crystalline ammonium sulphate is recommended, wash 2% w/v (2 kg/100 L spray solution) through a top mesh-screen into the tank and mix thoroughly.
- 3. Add recommended herbicide/insecticide/additive to the spray tank and mix thoroughly.
- 4. Add Durango 360 SL Herbicide and the remaining water. Mix thoroughly.
- 5. Add surfactant, if required, near the end of the filling process to minimise foaming.
- 6. Always maintain adequate agitation during application and use the tank mix promptly.

Tank Mixtures - Herbicides

Atrazine flowable⁺ (Agricultural uses only. DO NOT apply the tank mix for Barnyard grass control.).

The addition of Striker at 75 mL/ha to recommended rates of Durango 360 SL Herbicide prior to planting wheat or barley will improve knockdown and increase the speed at which treated weeds develop visible signs of phytotoxicity.

* Add crystalline ammonium sulphate as per directions below.

Tank Mixtures - Additives

Crystalline Ammonium Sulphate.

RATE: 2% w/v (2 kg/100 L spray solution). (DO NOT apply the tank mix for Barnyard grass control). The addition of crystalline ammonium sulphate to Durango 360 SL Herbicide, when used to control ANNUAL weeds, MAY improve the performance of Durango 360 SL Herbicide under adverse environmental conditions such as cool, cloudy weather, and assist in minimising the antagonism in tank mixes of Durango 360 SL Herbicide and flowable triazine herbicides. Use only crystalline ammonium sulphate, NOT prilled or granulated forms. Ammonium sulphate may be corrosive to metal parts of the sprayer. Thoroughly flush tanks, pumps and nozzles with water after use.

Pulse⁺ Penetrant

RATE: 200 mL/100 L spray solution.

Add when treating bracken (boom application), Gorse, Eucalypt suckers and Lantana.

Wetter TX Surfactant

RATE: 200 mL/100 L spray solution.

Add when treating Annual ryegrass in Spring (from beginning August to end October). Wetter TX is not a general purpose surfactant and should be used only where recommended.

APPLICATION

Durango 360 SL Herbicide is a non-selective translocated herbicide. Direct spray contact, or even slight drift, may cause severe injury or destruction of any growing crop or other desirable plants including trees. Clean all equipment after use by thoroughly washing with water.

Boom Equipment

Use recommended rates of Durango 360 SL Herbicide in 75 - 200 litres of clean water per hectare. When using Durango 360 SL Herbicide at 500 mL - 1.5 L/ha spray volumes in the range 25 - 100 L/ha are preferred. Fan nozzle equipment is recommended, using pressures in the range 240 - 280 kPa. Boom height must be set to ensure double overlap of nozzle patterns at the top of the weed canopy.

High Volume Application

(e.g. Knapsack/Handgun Equipment)

The dilution rate is given as vol/1 litre e.g: 10 mL Durango 360 SL Herbicide per litre of water. This is equal to 150 mL Durango 360 SL Herbicide per 15 litres of water or 1 litre per 100 litres of water. Adjust equipment to achieve an even spray pattern. Apply to ensure complete and uniform wetting of all foliage. For handgun equipment, a D6 spray tip (Spraying Systems Australia P/L) or equivalent, and an operating pressure of 400 - 700 kPa are recommended.

Low Volume Application

(e.g. Gas Gun or Splatter Gun) Apply as an even spray to cover all foliage.

Refer to Weeds Controlled for the dilution and volume of mixture to be applied. The dilution is specified as "Low volume mixture, Durango 360 SL Herbicide: Water". For example, a 1:9 mixture equals one part Durango 360 SL Herbicide plus 9 parts water.

Wiper Equipment

Wiper Equipment (e.g. ropewick, canvas, felt or carpet applicators) may be used to apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide onto weeds growing in oilseed crops, sugarcane, cotton, seed and pod vegetables, tree and vine crops specified in this label, pasture and non-crop areas. Avoid contact with desirable vegetation.

Operate wiper equipment a minimum of 10 cm above the crop or pasture. Weeds should be at least 15 cm above the crop or pasture at time of application. Speed of travel should be no greater than 8 km/h. Best results are achieved at lower speeds and where two applications are made in opposite directions (double pass).

Where weeds are of variable height, or occur in dense infestations or clumps, some plants may not be contacted by the herbicide solution. In these cases, repeat treatment may be necessary.

Mix only enough herbicide solution for immediate requirements. Do not store mixed solution for more than a few days. Flush out equipment with water after use.

RATE:

Mix 1 litre Durango 360 SL Herbicide with 2 litres clean water to prepare 33% solution.

Durango 360 SL Herbicide may be used according to the above directions for suppression or control of many annual and perennial weeds. See Weeds Controlled tables for specific use recommendations.

Controlled Droplet Application Equipment (CDA)

Use the following table as a guide for achieving the correct application rates using the Micron Herbi or similar equipment. See **Weeds Controlled** tables for specific rates and use recommendations. For handheld equipment a walking speed of approximately 1 m/sec (4 km/h) is recommended.

Rate of Durango 360 SL Herbicide delivered at 1 m/sec	3 L/ha	6 L/ha	9 L/ha
Mixture (by volume) Durango 360 SL Herbicide: water	1:3	1:1	2:1
Micron Herbi, nozzle	Blue	Blue	Yellow

DO NOT add oils to Durango 360 SL Herbicide /water mixture, otherwise difficulty in application and reduced weed control may occur.

CAUTION: CDA equipment produces a fine spray pattern which is not easily visible. Ensure spray pattern or drift does not contact foliage or any other green tissue of desirable plants, since severe injury or destruction may result.

Aerial Equipment

Aerial equipment may be used to apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide only in pasture or fallow situations prior to establishment of field crops, fodder crops, or new pasture, and for preharvest application to cotton and sorghum crops. DO NOT use in intensive horticultural cropping areas. Use recommended rates of Durango 360 SL Herbicide specified in this label up to a maximum limit of 4 L/ha. For Micronair and boom equipment, apply in a minimum spray volume of at least 20 L/ha. Droplets with an average size (or VMD) of 250 - 350 micron dia. are recommended. Swath width should be 15 - 17 m. Thoroughly wash aircraft, especially landing gear, after each day of spraying to remove herbicide residues.

Application On Hilly Terrain

As spraying height may vary, to maximise target contact, increase water volume to 30 - 80 L/ha and increase droplet size to at least 300 micron VMD.

Application Under Summer Conditions

High temperatures and/or low relative humidity cause excessive evaporation of spray droplets which may reduce results. When temperature reaches 25°C, increase water volume to at least 30 L/ha, and increase droplet size to at least 300 micron VMD. DO NOT apply Durango 360 SL Herbicide by aircraft when temperature is above 30°C.

APPLICATION CHECKLIST

Do not treat weeds under poor growing or dormant conditions (such as occur in drought, waterlogging, disease, insect damage or following frosts) as reduced weed control may result. Reduced efficacy may also occur when treating weeds heavily covered with dust or silt.

Do not add additional surfactant, or mix with any other agricultural chemicals, herbicide oils, or other materials except as specifically directed on this label.

Durango 360 SL Herbicide is absorbed by plant foliage and stems. Rainfall soon after application may wash the herbicide off the weeds, particularly if the weeds are not growing actively, under stress, or under conditions of low light intensity or darkness.

Delay treatment of plants wet with dew or rain, if water droplets run-off when plants are disturbed.

Do not disturb treated weeds by cultivation, sowing or grazing for one day after treatment of annual weeds and 7 days for perennial weeds, to ensure herbicide absorption.

A Withholding Period for grazing stock is not required. However, it is recommended that grazing of treated plants be delayed (as recommended above) to ensure herbicide absorption. Certain plants such as Soursob, St. John's Wort and Bracken, may be naturally toxic to stock. Where known toxic plants are present, grazing should be delayed until complete browning of treated plants has occurred.

+ Other trademarks