

Safety Data Sheet

Safety Data Sheet according to SWA and ADG requirements

Date of issue: 05/03/2025 Version: 001

#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

#### **Product identifier**

Trade name : Albaugh Toledo 430SC Fungicide

#### 1.2 Other means of identification

Tebuconazole

### Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

#### 1.3.1. Recommended use

: For professional use only Industrial/Professional use Use of the substance/mixture : Agriculture Fungicide

#### 1.3.2. Restrictions on use

No additional information available.

#### Details of the manufacturer/importer

Albaugh Australia Pty Ltd

Level 1, 530 Little Collins Street, MELBOURNE 3000, Australia

Tel (03) 99097183 ABN: 676 890 994

### **Emergency phone number**

: 1800 862 115 (Australia) **Emergency number** 

+61 2 9037 2994 Local (City): Sydney

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

### Classification of the hazardous chemical

This material is hazardous according to Globally Harmonised System of Classification and labelling of Chemicals (GHS) including Work, Health and Safety regulations, Australia.

Classification of the substance or mixture:

Reproductive toxicity Category 2

The following hazard classes fall outside the scope of the Workplace Health and Safety Regulations:

Hazardous to the aquatic environment (acute) - Category 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment (chronic) - Category 1

## Label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms





Environment Health Hazard

Signal word

H361 Suspected of damaging the fertility or unborn child. Hazard statements

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection

P308 + P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

P391 Collect spillage. P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

# **SECTION 3: Composition and information on ingredients**

Name	Ingredient identifier (CAS No.)	Content (w/v)
Tebuconazole (ISO)	107534-96-3	43%

Other components are not considered hazardous in this formulation and therefore are not required to be disclosed according to the WHS Regulations

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#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

First-aid measures general : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice

First-aid measures after ingestion Rinse mouth immediately. DO NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention.

(show the label where possible).

First-aid measures after inhalation Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Call a POISON INFORMATION CENTER (Australia) on 13 11 26 or

doctor/physician.

First-aid measures after eye contact Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy

to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain emergency medical attention.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with plenty of mild soap and water.

Eyewash, safety shower and normal washroom facilities.

### Symptoms caused by exposure

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting.

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : May cause eye irritation.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : May cause skin irritation.

#### Medical attention and special treatment

Treat symptomatically.

First aid facitilities

# **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

# Suitable extinguishing equipment

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray..

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### Specific hazards arising from the chemical

In the event of fire the following may be released: oxides of carbon and nitrogen, nitrogen, other nitrogen compounds, hydrogen cyanide, water and smoke.

#### Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering drains or water bodies.

Remove product from areas of fire, or otherwise cool containers with water in order to avoid

pressure being built up due to heat. Whenever possible, contain fire-fighting water by diking area with sand or earth. Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Protection during firefighting In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective suit. Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment,

including respiratory protection. Breathable air apparatus must be worn when fighting a fire in

which this product is involved.

Hazchem code •3Z (bulk only)

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation.

: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Wear self-contained Protective equipment breathing apparatus & complete protective clothing. See Section 8

**Emergency procedures** : Ventilate area. Avoid breathingf vapour/ spray mist. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

#### **Environmental precautions**

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay, sand, soil, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage in sealable open-top type containers for disposal. If large liquid spills occur, attempt to recover as much spilt material from sumps and bunded areas, as possible, before absorbing remaining material into vermiculite or other absorbent.

# **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Do not breathe mist/spray. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wear personal protective equipment. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

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#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place out of direct sunlight. Keep

container tightly closed. Store locked up. Do not store with seed, fertilisers or foodstuffs.

Incompatibilities Strong acids, bases and oxidising agents.

Protect from direct sunlight, heat, sparks, open flames and other sources of ignition.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Exposure control measures**

Exposure standards No value assigned for this specific material by Safe Work Australia.

However, the exposure standard for the constituent, Propylene glycol vapour & particulates

(CAS 57-55-6):

 $TWA = 474 \text{ mg/m}^3 (150 \text{ ppm})$ 

As published by Safe Work Australia Workplace Exposure Limits for Airborne Contaminants.

#### **Biological monitoring**

No biological limit allocated for the product. No biological monitoring is required.

Not available.

#### **Engineering controls**

Handle in well-ventilated areas, generally natural ventilation is adequate.

#### Individual protection measures

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. When opening the container, preparing spray and using the prepared spray wear cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist and a washable hat, elbow-

length PVC gloves and goggles and appropriate respiratory protection. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving

work. After each day's use, wash contaminated clothing and safety equipment.

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Eye protection devices should conform to relevant Eye and face protection

regulations. Consult AS/NZS 1336 and AS/NZS 1337 for further information.

Skin protection Wear protective gloves of impervious material. Occupational protective gloves should conform

to relevant regulations. Consult AS/NZS 2161 and AS/NZS 4501 for further information.

Respiratory protection Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is

If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection should be worn, consult AS/NZS 1715

and AS/NZS 1716 for further information.

Thermal hazards : No further relevant information available

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

Physical state : Liquid Colour White Odour Odourless Odour threshold No data available

pΗ : 8.0 – 10.0 (1% dilution) : No data available Density : No data available Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1) Melting point Not applicable

Freezing point No data available **Boiling point** No data available Flash point No data available

> 500 ℃ Auto-ignition temperature

Decomposition temperature No data available Flammability Non-flammable Vapour pressure No data available Relative vapour density at 20 °C No data available

Relative density 1.094

Solubility No data available Log Pow No data available No data available Viscosity, kinematic

Viscosity, dynamic Non-newronian liquid. 864mPa.s at 10rpm, 193 mPa.s at 10rpm

**Explosive properties** Not an explosive Oxidising properties Not an oxidiser Explosive limits : No data available Particle characteristics : Not applicable

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Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water (log value) : No data available

# SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases. Keep away from strong oxidising agents.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Thermal decomposition may result in the release of toxic and/or irritating fumes. Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Carbon monoxide, Nitrogen oxides (NOx).

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Albaugh Toledo 430SC Fungicide	
Acute toxicity	: Oral LD50 (rat): > 2000 mg/kg (sa-FORD)
	Dermal LD50 (rat): > 5050 mg/kg (Stillmeadow)
	Inhalation LC50 (rat): > 5.13 mg/l (Stillmeadow)
	Not considered to be acutely toxic via oral, dermal or inhalation route of exposure, according to available data.
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Not classified as a skin irritant according to according to available information.
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Not an eye irritant according to according to available information.
Respiratory or skin sensitisation	: Not a skin sensitiser and not expected to be a respiratory sensitiser according to available information.
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not suspected to cause genetic defects according to available data.
Carcinogenicity	: Not considered to be carcinogenic according to available data.
Reproductive toxicity	: Suspected of damaging the fertility or unborn child.
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ through single exposure according to available information.
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not expected to cause toxicity to a specific target organ according to available information.
Aspiration hazard	: Not expected to be an aspiration hazard according to available information.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

# 12.1. Ecotoxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Tebuconazole 430g/L SC	
LC50 Fish (96h, danio rerio)	24.62 ml/l (TECAM)
EC50 Crustacea (48h)	10 mg/l (TECAM)
ErC50 Algae (72h, green algae)	85.33 mg/l (TECAM)

Tebuconazole (ISO)	
LC50 Fish (rainbow trout)	4.4 mg/l (EPM)
EC50 Crustacea	2.79 mg/l (EPM)
ErC50 Algae (pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	3.8 mg/l (EPM)
ErC50 other aquatic plants (14d, Lemna gibba)	0.144 mg/l (DAR)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Persistence and degradability : No additional information available.

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# 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulative potential : No information available on the product.

Following data is for the active constituent Tebuconazole:

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) is 3.7 (DAR volumn 1 2007)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil : No additional information available.

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : No additional information available

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemicals on site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point. If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant Local, State or Territory government regulations. Do not burn empty containers or product. Do not reuse container for any other purpose.

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

Road and rail transport	<ul> <li>Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the descriptions of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to the provisions of the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail as per the Australian Special Provisions AU01.</li> </ul>
Additional Information:	: Australian Special Provisions AU01: Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the description of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to this Code when transported by road or rail in;
	(a) packagings that do not incorporate a receptacle exceeding 500 Kg (L); or (b) IBCs.

Marine transport: : Classified as Dangerous Goods by the criteria of the International Maritime Dangerous

Goods Code (IMDG Code) for transport by sea; MARINE POLLUTANT

UN Number : 3082

Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S (CONTAINS

TEBUCONAZOLE)

Transport Hazard Class: : 9
Packaging Group: : III
Hazchem Code: : •3Z
IMDG EMS Fire: : F - A
IMDG EMS Spill: : S - F

Environmental Hazards: : Yes. Marine Pollutant.

Special Precautions for User: : Not available.

Additional Information: : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of  $\leq$  5 L or  $\leq$  5 kg.

Air transport: : IATA provision SP A197: Environmentally Hazardous Substances meeting the

description of UN 3077 or UN 3082 are not subject to this Code when transported air in packages that have inner packages (plastic bottles, glass bottles, plastic bags) of 5 L for

UN3082 and 5 kg for UN3077 or less.

UN Number : 3082

Proper Shipping Name or Technical Name: : ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S (CONTAINS

TEBUCONAZOLE)

Transport Hazard Class: : 9
Packaging Group: : III

Special Precautions for User: : Not available.

Additional Information: : IATA Special Provision A197: when transported in sizes of  $\leqslant$  5 L or  $\leqslant$  5 kg per packaging

(inner or single) are not subject to the code.

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations

APVMA Number : 69174
Poison Schedule : Schedule 5

AICIS : Listing in the AICS is not required for products regulated by the APVMA.

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

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### **SECTION 16: Any other relevant information**

Date of issue : 05/03/2025

Version : 001

Reason(s) for issue : First issue.

Literature References : See respective sections for information

Abbreviations : ADG Code - Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th

edition)

AICIS - Australian Industrial Chemicals Introduction Scheme (formerly NICNAS)

AIIC - Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

APVMA - Agricultural Pesticides and Veterinary Medicines Australia

ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF - Bioconcentration factor BLV - Biological limit value

BOD - Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) CAS No. - Chemical Abstract Service number COD - Chemical oxygen demand (COD) DAR - Draft Assessment Report EC50 - Median effective concentration

EPM - British Crop Protection Council Database, e-Pesticide Manual

GHS - Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (7th revised

edition) 2017

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer IATA - International Air Transport Association IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LC50 - Median lethal concentration

LD50 - Median lethal dose

LOAEL - Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level NOAEC - No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration NOAEL - No-Observed Adverse Effect Level NOEC - No-Observed Effect Concentration

N.O.S. - Not Otherwise Specified

Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals Code of Practice (June 2023)

sa-FORD - Sanctuary for Research and Development

STEL - Short term exposure limit means the average airborne concentration of a substance calculated over a 15 minute period. The STEL should not be exceeded at any time during a normal eight hour working day.

Stillmeadow-Stillmeadow, Inc. with address: 12852 Park One Drive Sugar Land, TX 77478

SUSMP - Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

SWA - Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC TECAM - Tecnologia Ambiental São Roque Ltda ThOD - Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD)

TLM - Median Tolerance Limit TGA - Therapeutic Goods Australia

TWA - Time-weighted average means the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over an eight-hour working day, for a five-day working week.

VOC - Volatile Organic Compounds WHS – Workplace Health and Safety

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product

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