

# INFLIGT®

RESIDUAL HERBICIDE WITH BURNDOWN CAPABILITY FOR ANNUAL GRASS AND BROADLEAF WEEDS. BUILT IN SAFENER FOR EXCELLENT CROP SAFETY AND FLEXIBILITY UNDER DIVERSE WEATHER CONDITIONS.



Inflict\* is a water-soluble granule herbicide formulation containing 25% active ingredient by weight. Inflict is for use in burndown and residual control applications for control of certain annual grass and broadleaf weeds, when applied preemergence and postemergence to field corn.

Apply Inflict to Roundup Ready® corn in tank mix combinations with glyphosate herbicides to extend control of weeds that emerge later. Residual weed control is dependent on soil moisture and is optimized by rainfall or sprinkler irrigation to activate herbicide.

# PRODUCT FEATURES

- Residual control with burndown capability for annual grasses and broadleaf weeds.
- Excellent performance on dandelion and winter annuals.
- Flexible tank-mix partner.
- Built-in safener that provides excellent crop safety as well as flexibility under diverse weather conditions.
- Easy, convenient application with dry formulation.

#### **ACTIVE INGREDIENT**

25% rimsulfuron

## **HRAC GROUP**

2

### **FORMULATION**

Water soluble granule

#### REI

4 hours

#### **COMPARE TO**

Resolve® SG

## **MODE OF ACTION**

ALS inhibitor

#### **SIGNAL WORD**

Caution

#### **RESTRICED USE**

No

# **PACKAGING**

12 x 20 oz (240 oz cases)

#### **EPA REG NUMBER**

83100-46-83979

See label for complete application guidelines and restrictions.





# FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

What are the rotational intervals when using Inflict?

1 oz. max use rate

ROTATIONAL CROP	INTERVAL (MONTHS)
Field corn, potatoes	Anytime
Sulfonylurea-tolerant (STS) soybeans, tomato	1
Winter cereals (wheat)	3
Spring cereals (wheat, oats, barley)	9
Alfalfa*^, beans (dry and snap), canola^, corn (pop or sweet), cotton^, cucumber, flax, peas, rice (soils <6.5 pH), red clover^, sorghum^, soybeans, sunflowers, sugarbeets^	10
Crops not listed	18

<sup>\*</sup>For sprinkler irrigated fields in Idaho, Northern Nevada and Utah, use deep fall tillage, such as plowing, prior to planting alfalfa for best results. Product degradation may be less on furrow-irrigated soils and may result in adverse crop response.

#### 2 oz. max use rate

ROTATIONAL CROP	INTERVAL (MONTHS)
Field corn, potatoes	Anytime
Tomato	1
Winter cereals (wheat)	3
STS soybeans	4
Spring cereals (wheat, oats, barley)	9
Beans (dry and snap), corn (pop or sweet),cotton^, cucumber, flax, soybeans, sunflowers	10
Crops not listed	18

<sup>^</sup>The rotation intervals must be extended to 18 months if drought conditions prevail after application and before the rotational crop is planted, unless sprinkler irrigation has been applied and totals greater than 15" during the growing season, in all other areas.

# At what rate should Inflict be applied to corn?

- Fallow: 1.0-2.0 oz/A when weeds are actively growing and most weeds have emerged
- Preemergence: 0.5-2.0 oz/A before corn emerges
- Postemergence: 0.5-2.0 oz/A as postemergence broadcast application

#### Can I tank mix Inflict with other herbicides?

Yes. Preemergence to corn, Inflict may be tank mixed with full or reduced rates of a variety of preemergence grass and broadleaf herbicides. Postemergence to corn, Inflict may be tank mixed with glyphosate (for Roundup Ready corn hybrids) or glufosinate (for corn hybrids containing the LibertyLink® gene). Refer to label pages 6-7 for specific tank mix instructions, and for additional information regarding tank mix options for improved control of kochia.



 $\blacktriangleleft$  See label for complete application guidelines and restrictions.

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Roundup Ready is a registered trademark of Monsanto Technology LLC. LibertyLink is a registered trademark of BASF Corporation. Always read and follow label restrictions, precautions and directions for use. Some products may not be registered for sale or use in all states or counties. Please check with your local extension service to ensure registration status.



<sup>^18</sup> months in the Red River Valley region of ND and MN. The rotation intervals must be extended to 18 months if drought conditions prevail after application and before the rotational crop is planted, unless sprinkler irrigation has been applied and totals greater than 15" during the growing season, in all other areas.